

9.4 Solving Logarithmic Equations

Date _____ Period _____

Solve each equation. Round your answers to the nearest hundredth.

1) $\log_{14}(4n + 4) = \log_{14}(5n + 4)$

2) $\log_{12}(3n - 4) = \log_{12}(-4n + 10)$

3) $\log_9(-3v - 1) = \log_9(-5v - 2)$

4) $\log_{20}(9 - 2n) = \log_{20} -5n$

5) $\log_{19}(-x + 8) = \log_{19} 5$

6) $\log(4x + 8) = \log(8 - x)$

7) $\log_{17}(-b + 1) = \log_{17}(4b - 6)$

8) $\log_{19}(n + 5) = \log_{19}(1 - n)$

9) $\ln -2r = \ln(3r + 4)$

10) $\log 2x = \log 8$

$$11) \log_3(-15n - 3) = \log_3(n^2 + 53)$$

$$12) \log_8(20 + p) = \log_8 p^2$$

$$13) \log_{12}(36 + 3r) = \log_{12}(r^2 + 3r)$$

$$14) \log_4(60 + 2x^2) = \log_4(3x^2 + 4x)$$

$$15) \log_{20}(n^2 + 4n) = \log_{20}(30 - 3n)$$

$$16) \log_{14}(n^2 + 20) = \log_{14}(-10n - 1)$$

CHALLENGE: Solve each equation.

$$17) \log_9(-x^2 - 8x) = \log_9 -2x^2$$

$$18) \log_{12}(v^2 - 37) = \log_{12} -1$$

$$19) \log_6(2n^2 + 7n) = \log_6(-6 + n^2)$$

$$20) \log_{20}(2n - 3) = \log_{20}(n^2 - 18)$$